

ATHENA WEBINAR

Utilize the accessible resources wisely: journal assessment for publishing and information management using Mendeley tool

11th of May, 2023
13:00 - 14:30 CET
Online on ZOOM

#RESEARCHtips



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Journal selection for publishing: journal search and assessment

Main stages of journal selection



Trusted sources for journal search

Publisher websites

- Springer
- Elsevier
- Taylor & Francis
- SAGE Publishing
- Emerald
- Oxford Press
- ACS Publications
- IOP Publishing
- MDPI
- PLoS
- Hindawi
- Frontiers
- ...

Bibliographic databases*

- Web of Science (WoS)
- Scopus
- PubMed
- SciLit

*the ones providing journal information separately

Other journal databases/directories

- DOAJ
- SCImago Journal & Country Rank
- Ulrichsweb (ProQuest)
- Journal Searches

Journal selection tools

- Springer Journal Suggester
- Elsevier Journal Finder
- Willey Journal Finder
- Master Journal List (WoS)



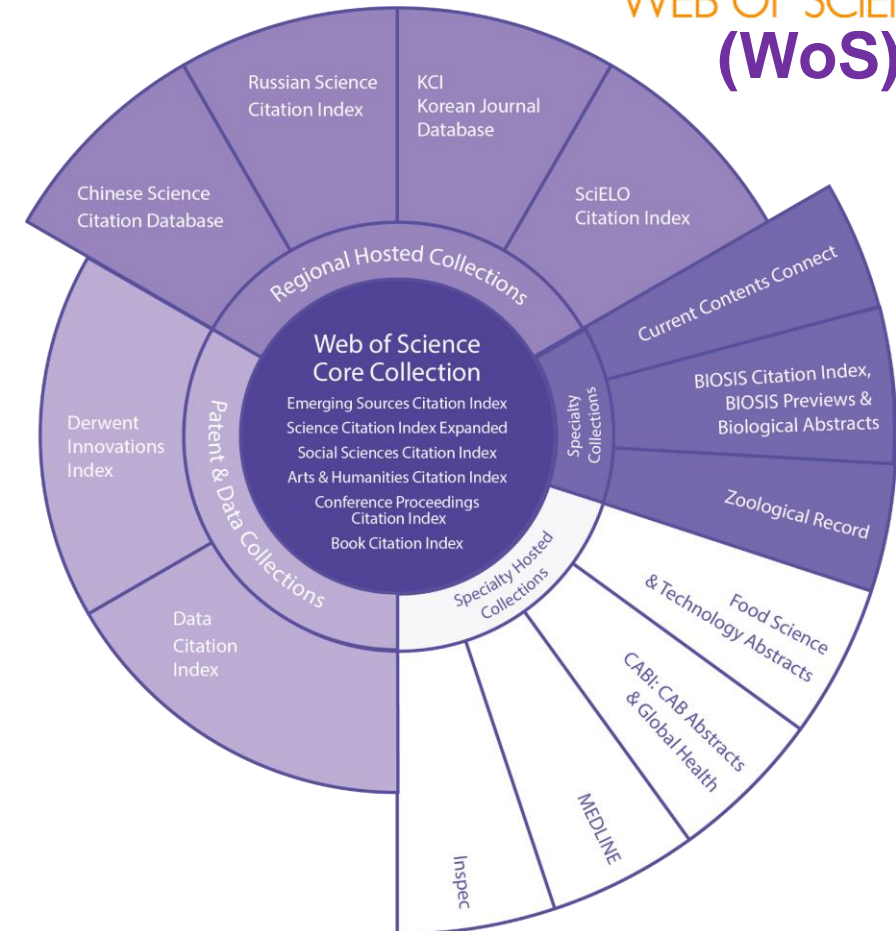
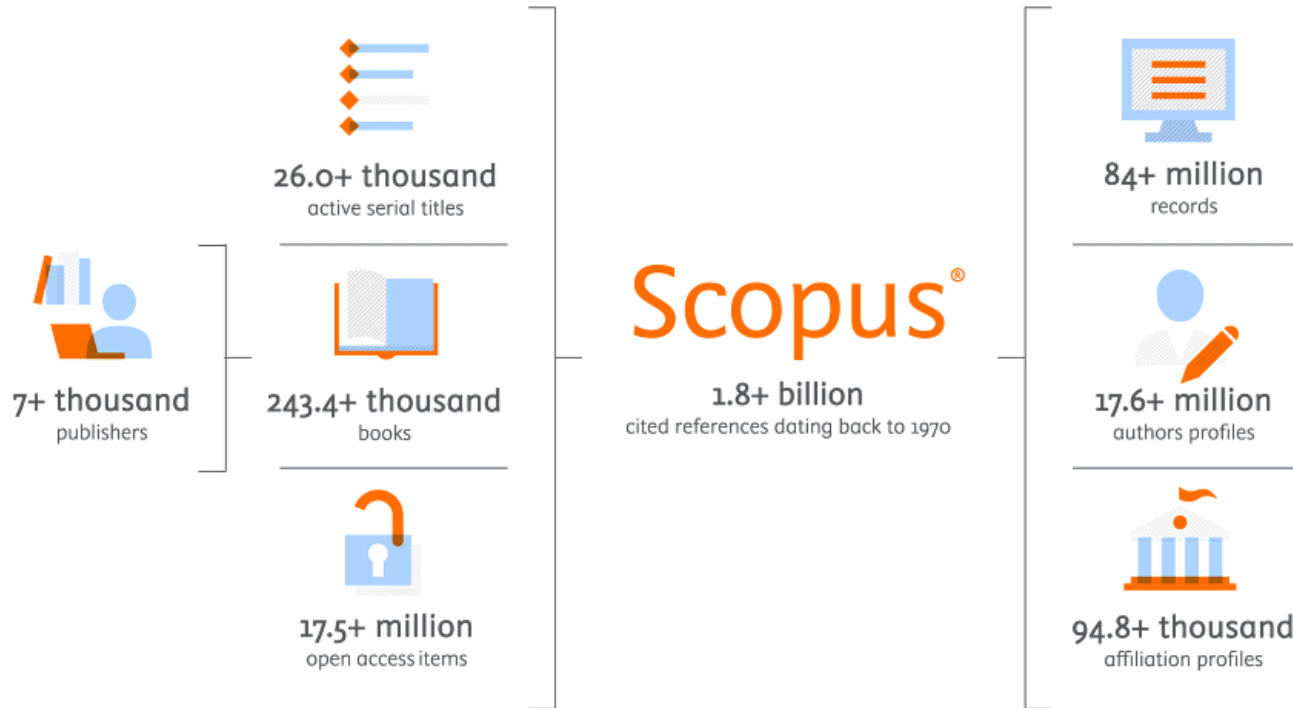
Main bibliographic DBs



ELSEVIER
Scopus

 **Clarivate**
Analytics

WEB OF SCIENCE™
(WoS)



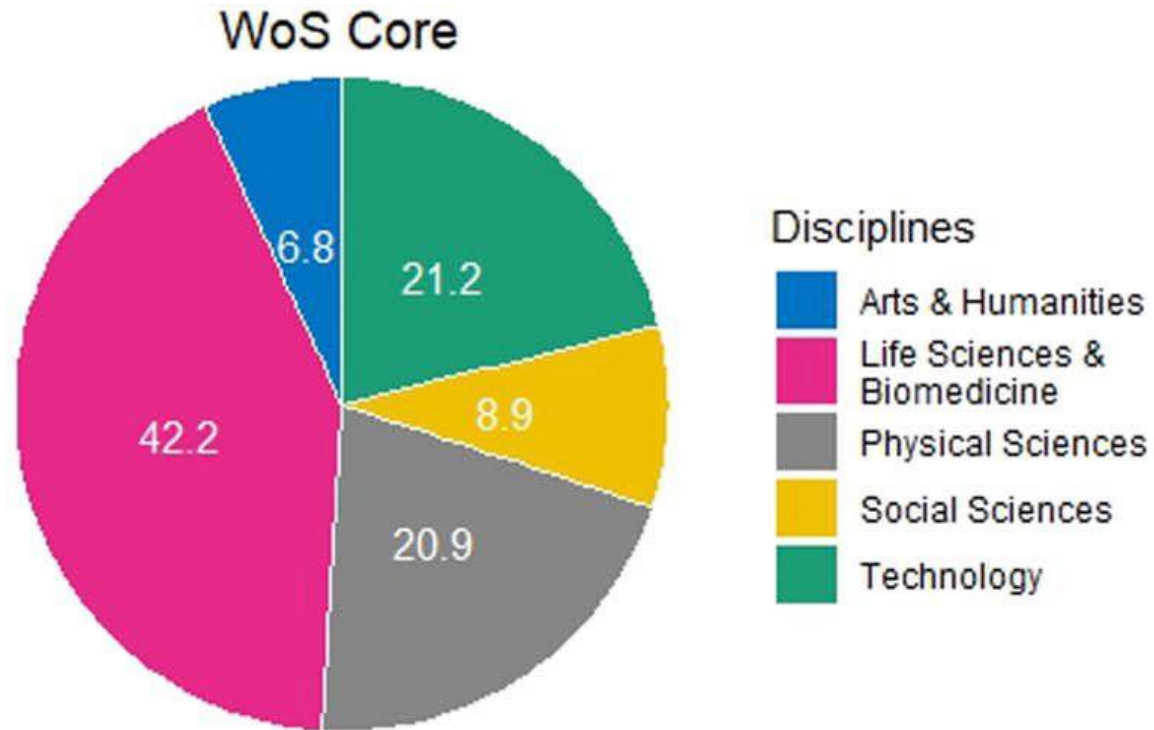
Indexed sources

Indexed sources	Scopus	WoS Core Collection (WoS CC)
Journals (<i>overall number</i>)	>40,800	>24,000
Active journals	>27,900	>21,400 (JCR)
Open Access journals	>6,100	~5,300 (JCR)
Books (<i>overall number</i>)	>292,000	>139,000
Book series	>1,100	>150 (BkCI)
Trade journals (<i>number of sources</i>)	192	Not indexed
Publishers	>7,000	>3,300 (JCR), >600 (BkCI)



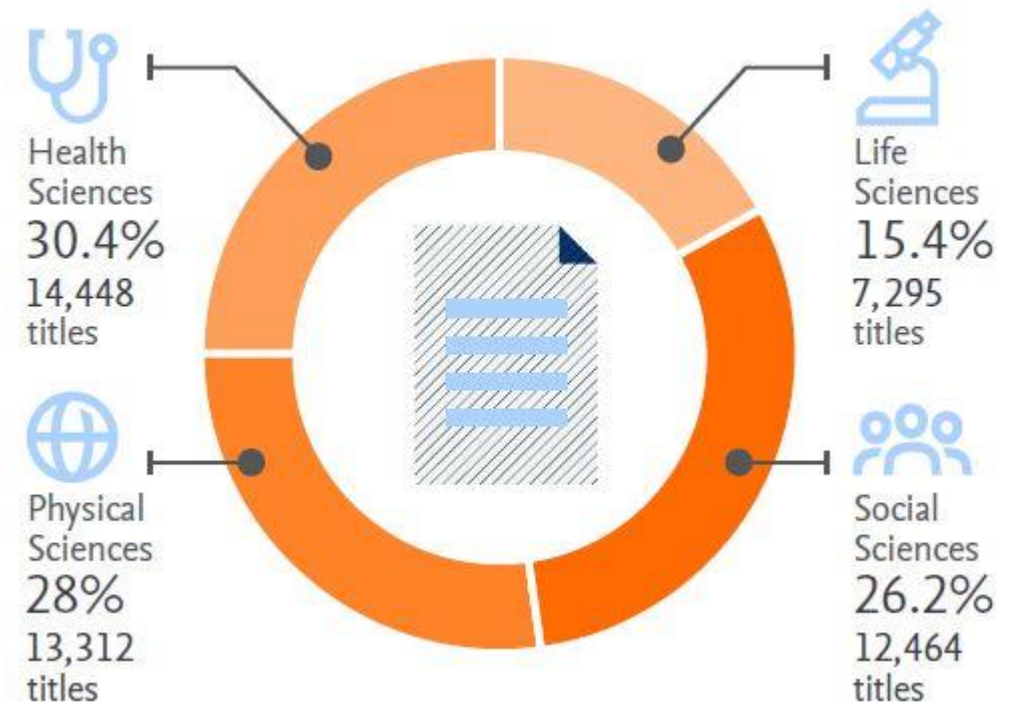
Content coverage by disciplines

WoS CC



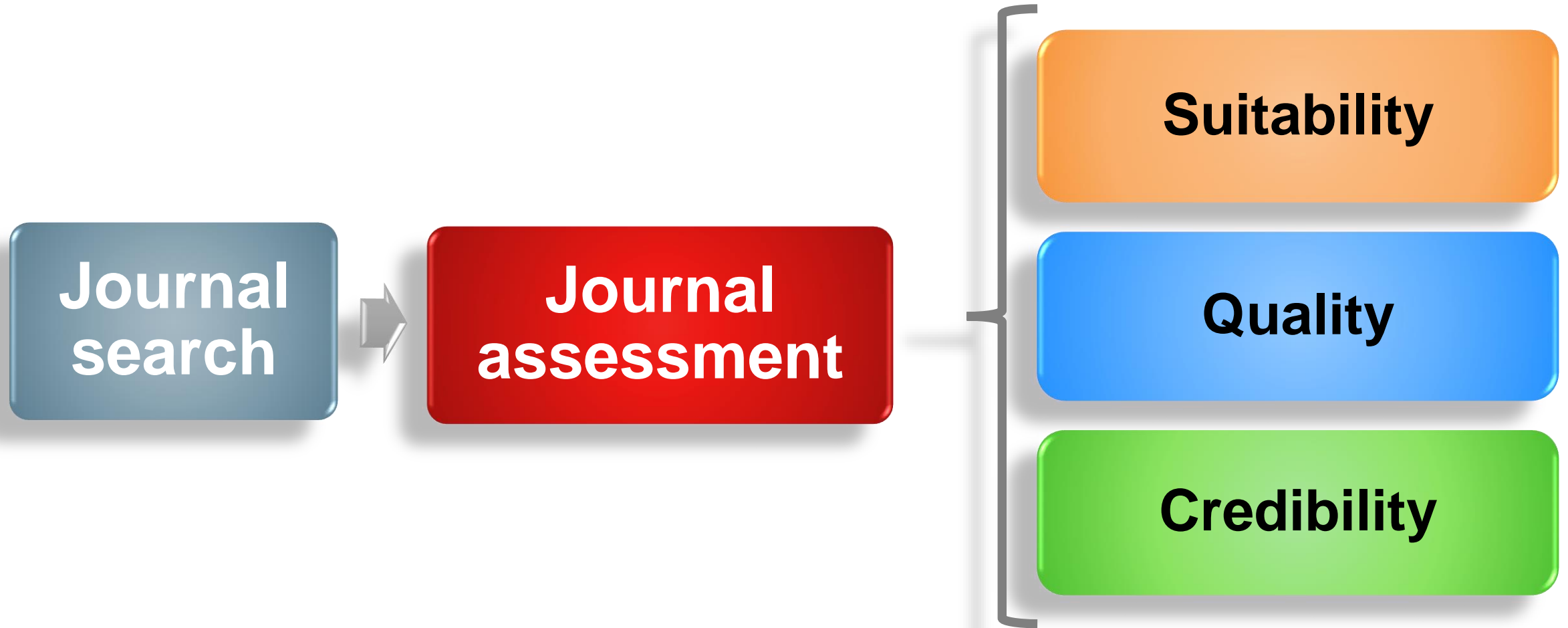
([Huang et.al., 2020](#))

Scopus



([Scopus Content Coverage Guide, 2020](#))

Journal selection for publishing: the main steps



Journal assessment



Journal assessment

- **Discipline / research field**
- **Intended auditory / research relevance**



Journal assessment

- Discipline / research field
- Intended auditory / research relevance

- **Publishing models**
- Author rights / licenses

**Thematic
relation**

**Publishing
process**

**Technical
aspects**

**Journal
quality**

Publishing models

Open Access



Free to read

Widely **available**/ Often Free to use/ reuse

Short publishing cycle

Copyright **retained** by author

Traditional (Subscription-based)



Pay to read

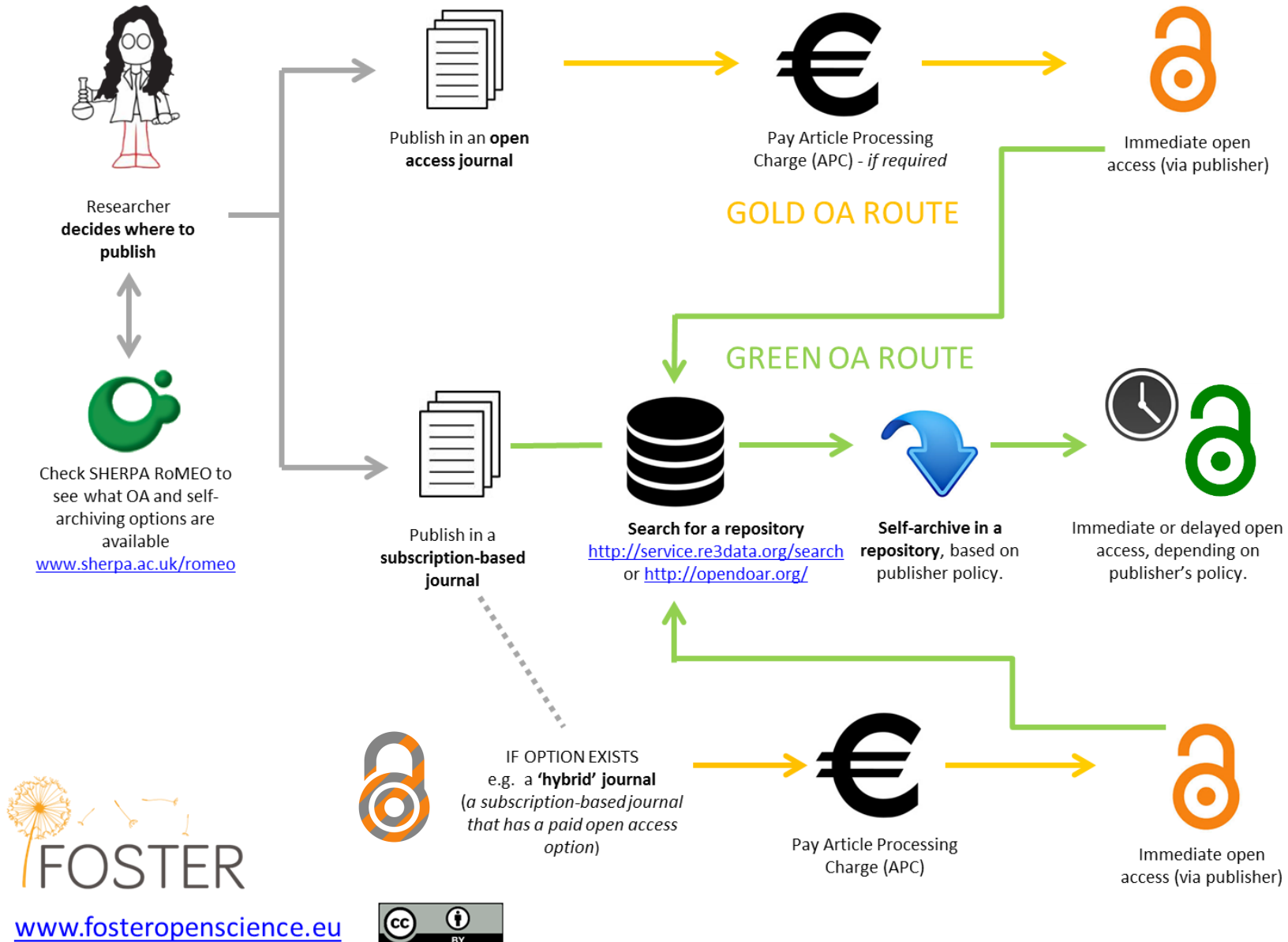
Restricted access/ Often not free to use/ reuse

Delayed publishing cycle

Copyright **transferred** to publisher



Publishing routes



Journal assessment

- Discipline / research field
- Intended auditory / research relevance

**Thematic
relation**

**Publishing
process**

- Publishing models
- Author rights / licenses
- **Editorial provisions**
- **Publishing speed**
- **Related costs**

**Technical
aspects**

**Journal
quality**

Journal assessment

- Discipline / research field
- Intended auditory / research relevance

**Thematic
relation**

**Publishing
process**

- Publishing models
- Author rights / licenses
- Editorial provisions
- Publishing speed
- Related costs

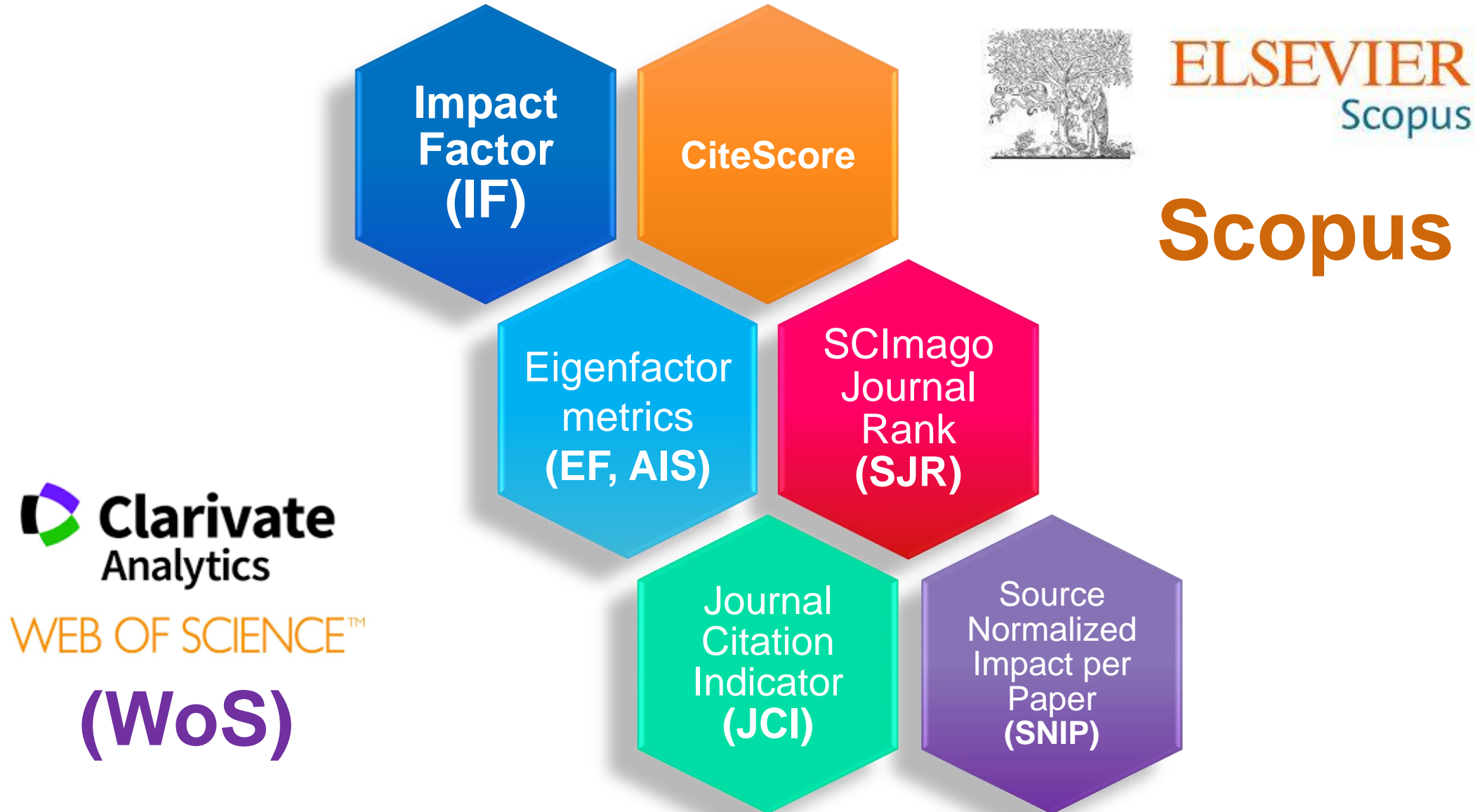
**Journal
credibility**

**Journal
quality**





- **Peer-review**
- **Indexing**
- **Impact indicators**



Most commonly used indicators



The main features of journal citation indicators

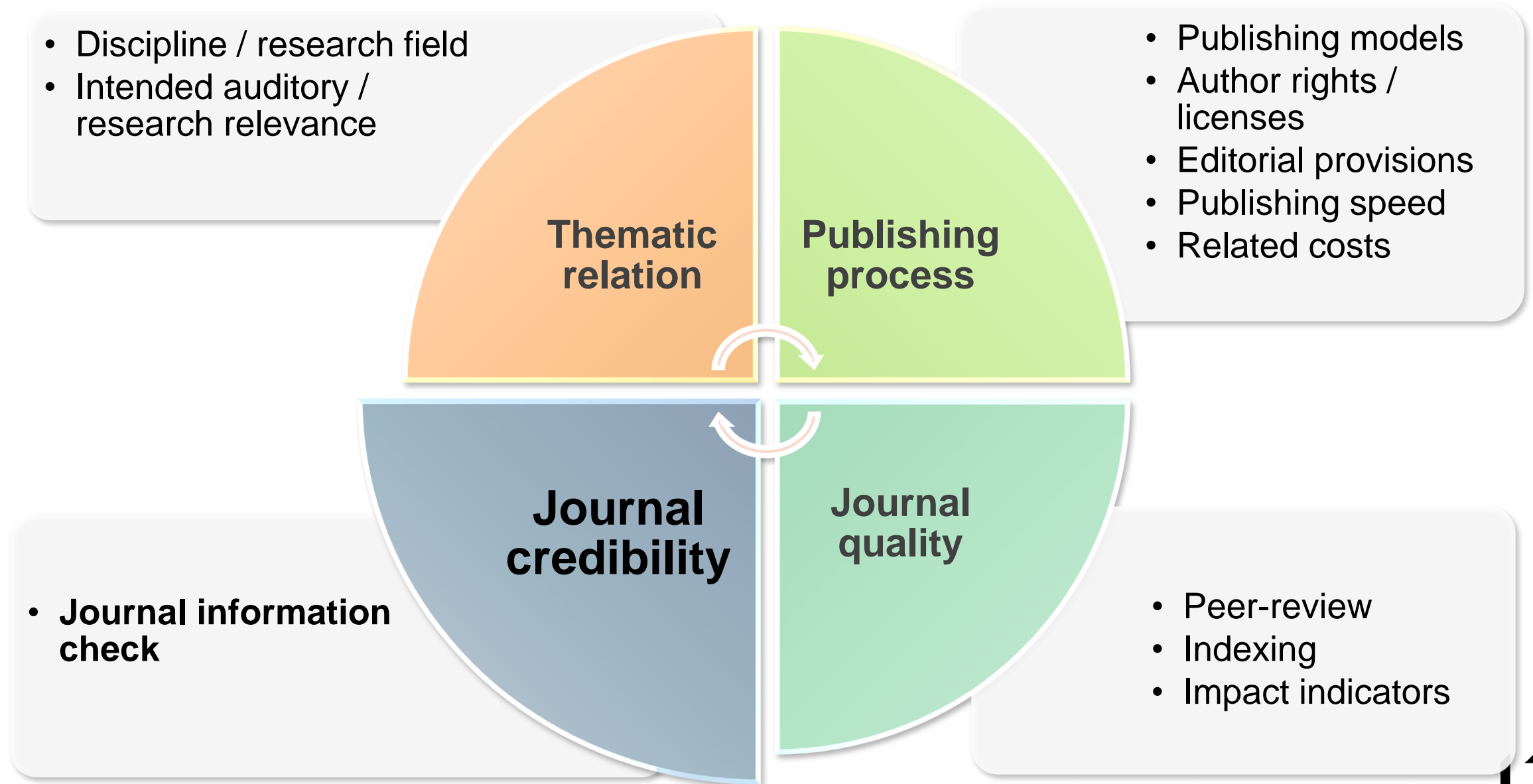
Indicator type	Impact Indicators		Normalized Indicators		Prestige Indicators	
Indicator	JIF/ 5-year JIF	CiteScore	JCI	SNIP	ES / AIS	SJR
Owner (calculator) of an indicator	WoS	Scopus	WoS	CWTS	Eigenfactor®	SCIMago
Data used for calculation	WoS CC*	Scopus	WoS CC*	Scopus	JCR	Scopus
Where can be viewed?	JCR, MJL	Scopus Sources	JCR, MJL	Scopus Sources, CWTS	JCR, MJL, EJR	Scopus Sources, SCIMago JR
For which sources is calculated?	Only for journals, included in the main WoS CC indexes (only SCIE and SSCI)**	For all Scopus indexed periodical sources (<i>journals, conference proceedings, book series, and trade publications</i>)	For all WoS CC journals (including ones indexed in AHCI and ESCI)*	For all Scopus indexed periodical sources (<i>journals, conference proceedings, book series, and trade publications</i>)	For WoS CC journals , included in JCR	For all Scopus indexed periodical sources (<i>journals, conference proceedings, book series, and trade publications</i>)
What is measured?	An average amount of citations for an article published in the journal (an average citability of the journal's articles)		An average citability of the journal's articles normalized by citation frequencies (average (JCI)/median (SNIP) characteristic to particular categories (JCI)/disciplines (SNIP))		Journal prestige estimated based on the citation networks between journals, where citations from higher quality journals carry more weight	
Normalized by disciplines					Yes, but indirectly (by accounting for journals thematic closeness)	
Normalized by journal size	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	ES – No AIS – Yes	Yes
Value of an average journal	NA	NA	1	1	ES – NA***; AS – 1	1

* including data from Early Access publications

** from 2023 will be calculated also for journals indexed in ACHI

*** within WoS database the collective ES value of all indexed journals is equal to 100, and, the value of individual journal decreases with the increase of the number of journal's publications

Journal assessment



Journal credibility assessment

Main characteristics of a predatory journal:

- Exploit the pressure for academics to publish fast and in high quantities
- Do not follow accepted scholarly publishing practices
- Do not concern for the quality of published work
- Use deception to appear legitimate, including peer-review, editorial board, impact indicators, indexing, etc.

Profit is the only goal – not to contribute to scientific communication



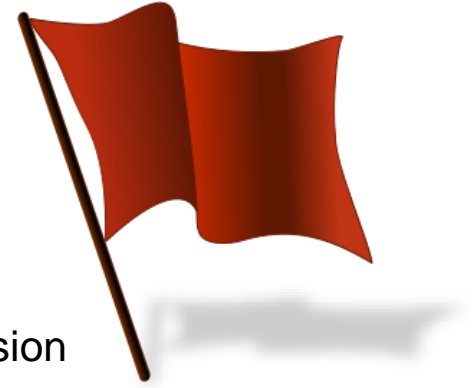
Šaltinis: <https://www.nature.com/articles/d41586-019-03759-y>

Ilustracijos autorius: David Parkins

Journal credibility assessment

Common „Red flags“:

- **Very fast publishing** guaranteed or emphasized
- No clear description of **how the manuscript is being handled**
- Manuscript **submission is by email** (not via publisher's official submission system)
- The **APC is not transparently disclosed** or is **very low** and may be related to a publication decision
- The plan for **content long-term digital preservation** is not clearly stated
- A **journal** that claims to be open access either **retains copyright** of published research or fails to mention copyright
The journal's **scope** of interest includes **unrelated subjects / very broad** scope of subjects
- Journal's **title** is very similar to the one of the well-established, highly reputable journal
- Journal's **website** contains spelling and/or grammar **errors**
- Images or logos are distorted/fuzzy or misrepresented/unauthorized
- **Fake indexing** in prestigious journal indexes/databases and/or **falsified/ fictional impact metrics** are promoted
- **Editorial board** is not disclosed or consists of members included without their consent
- **Contact email address** is non-professional and non-journal/publisher affiliated (e.g., @gmail.com, or @yahoo.com)
- Stated **physical location** does not coincide with the website **portal address**



Journal credibility assessment

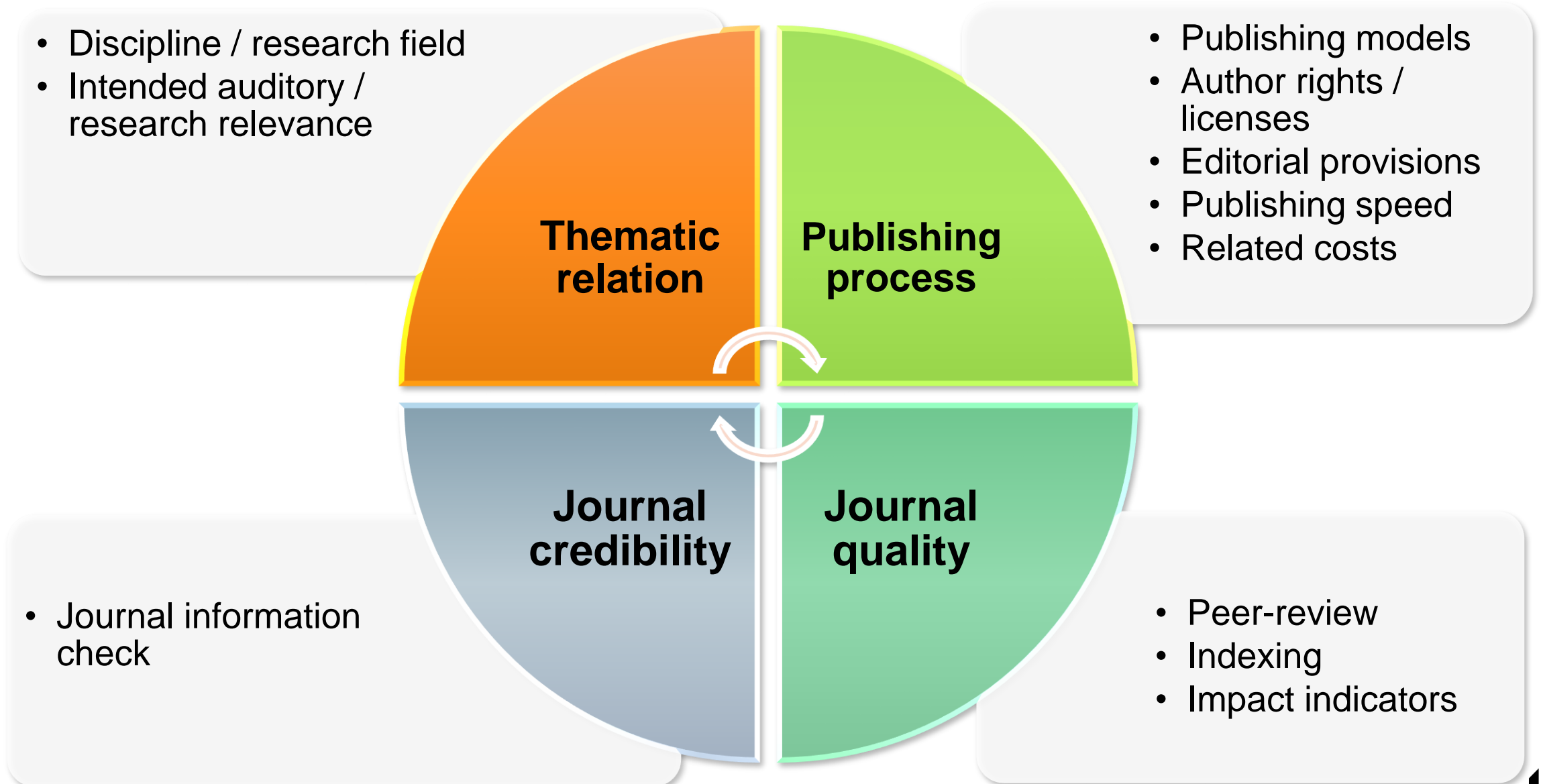


Tools for checking journal's credibility:

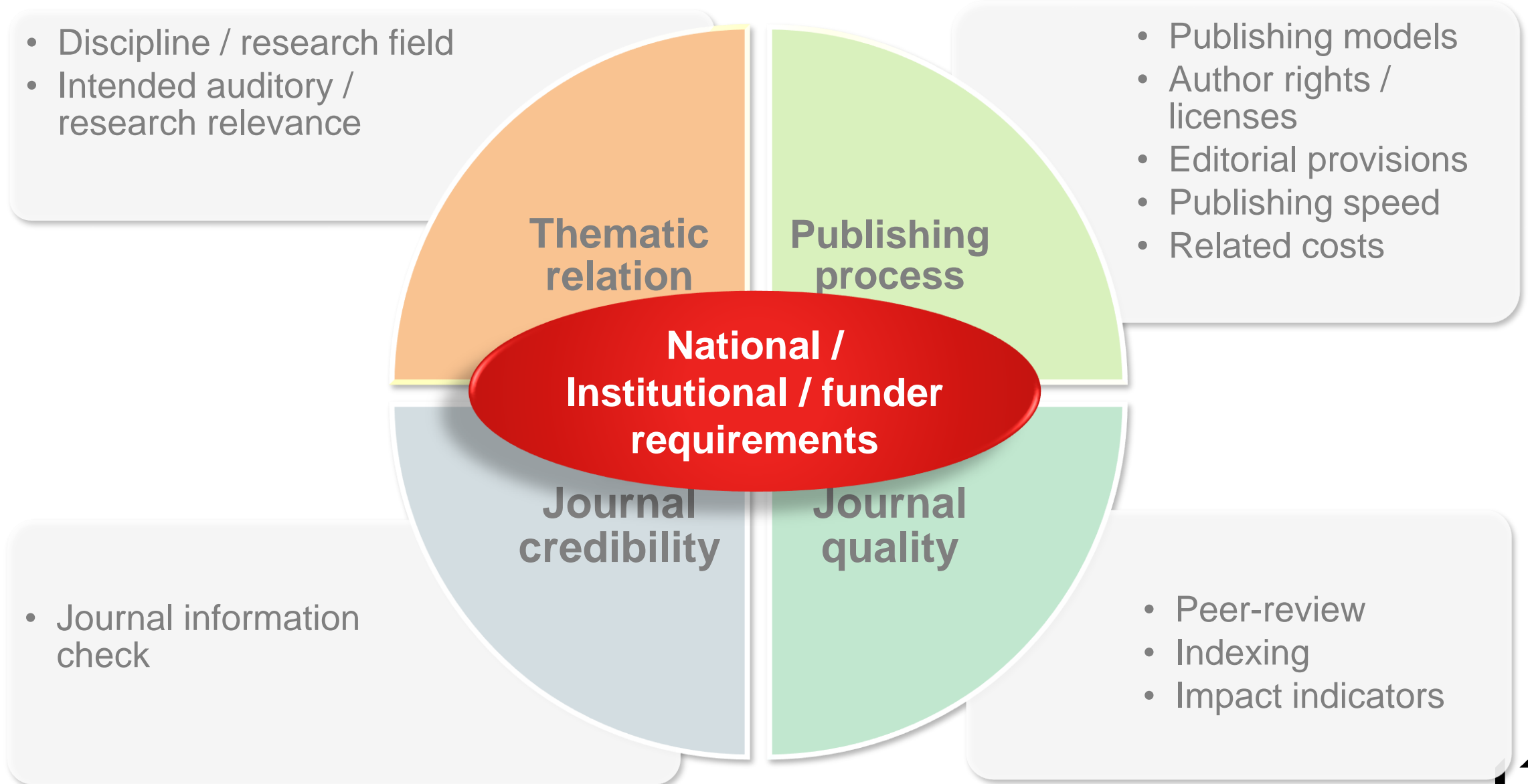
- [THINK. CHECK. SUBMIT.](#)
- Bibliographic databases
- Journal indexes/directories
- [ISSN portal](#)
- [*A list of predatory journals by Jeffrey Beall*](#)



Journal selection for publishing



Journal assessment



Journal assessment

Checking for journal's policy alignment with international mandates:

[Sherpa Romeo](#)

online resource that aggregates and analyses publisher open access policies from around the world and provides summaries of publisher copyright and open access archiving policies on a journal-by-journal basis by JISC

[Sherpa Juliet](#)

database providing up-to-date information concerning funders' policies and their requirements on open access, publication and data archiving by JISC

[Journal Checker Tool](#)

checks the journal's Plan S compatibility, established by cOAlition S

[ROARMAP](#)

(Registry of Open Access Repository Mandates and Policies) – a searchable international database of policies



Journal selection for publishing: an alternative approach

16. Frenken, K.; Heimeriks, G.J.; Hoekman, J. What Drives University Research Performance? An Analysis Using the CWTS Leiden Ranking Data. *J. Informetr.* 2017, 11, 859–872. [CrossRef]
17. Vernon, M.M.; Andrew Balas, E.; Momani, S. Are University Rankings Useful to Improve Research? A Systematic Review. *PLoS ONE* 2018, 13, e0193762. [CrossRef]
18. Moed, H.F. A Critical Comparative Analysis of Five World University Rankings. *Scientometrics* 2017, 110, 967–990. [CrossRef]
19. Safón, V. Inter - Ranking Reputational Effects: An Analysis of the Academic Ranking of World Universities (ARWU) and the Times Higher Education World University Rankings (THE) Reputational Relationship. *Scientometrics* 2019, 121, 897–915. [CrossRef]
20. Lim, M.A. The Building of Weak Expertise: The Work of Global University Rankers. *High. Educ.* 2018, 75, 415–430. [CrossRef]
21. Lim, M.A.; Ørberg, J.W. Active Instruments: On the Use of University Rankings in Developing National Systems of Higher Education. *Policy Rev. High. Educ.* 2017, 1, 91–108. [CrossRef]
22. Haddawy, P.; Hassan, S.U.; Abbey, C.W.; Lee, I.B. Uncovering Fine-Grained Research Excellence: The Global Research Benchmarking System. *J. Informetr.* 2017, 11, 389–406. [CrossRef]
23. Gusenbauer, M. Google Scholar to Overshadow Them All? Comparing the Sizes of 12 Academic Search Engines and Bibliographic Databases. *Scientometrics* 2019, 118, 177–214. [CrossRef]
24. Okhovati, M.; Sharifpoor, E.; Aazami, M.; Zolala, F.; Hamzehzadeh, M. Novice and Experienced Users' Search Performance and Satisfaction with Web of Science and Scopus. *J. Librariansh. Inf. Sci.* 2017, 49, 359–367. [CrossRef]
25. Ellegaard, O. The Application of Bibliometric Analysis: Disciplinary and User Aspects. *Scientometrics* 2018, 116, 181–202. [CrossRef]
26. Waltman, L. A Review of the Literature on Citation Impact Indicators. *J. Informetr.* 2016, 10, 365–391. [CrossRef]
27. Badia, G. Identifying “Best Bets” for Searching in Chemical Engineering: Comparing Database Content and Performance for Information Retrieval. *J. Doc.* 2018, 74, 80–98. [CrossRef]
28. Carloni, M.; Tsenkulovsky, T.; Mangan, R. Web of Science Core Collection Descriptive Document. 2018. Available online: https://clarivate.libguides.com/ld.php?content_id=45175981 (accessed on 13 August 2020).
29. Liu, W. The Data Source of This Study Is Web of Science Core Collection? Not Enough. *Scientometrics* 2019, 121, 1815–1824. [CrossRef]
30. Valderrama-Zurián, J.C.; Aguilar-Moya, R.; Melero-Fuentes, D.; Aleixandre-Benavent, R. A Systematic Analysis of Duplicate Records in Scopus. *J. Informetr.* 2015, 9, 570–576. [CrossRef]
31. Halevi, G.; Moed, H.; Bar-Ilan, J. Suitability of Google Scholar as a Source of Scientific Information and as a Source of Data for Scientific Evaluation—Review of the Literature. *J. Informetr.* 2017, 11, 823–834. [CrossRef]
32. Martín-Martín, A.; Thelwall, M.; Orduna-Malea, E.; Delgado López-Cózar, E. Google Scholar, Microsoft Academic, Scopus, Dimensions, Web of Science, and OpenCitations' COCI: A Multidisciplinary Comparison of Coverage via Citations. *Scientometrics* 2021, 126, 871–906. [CrossRef]



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23. Gusenbauer, M. Google Scholar, Scopus, and Web of Science: Engines and Bibliographic Databases. *Scientometrics* **2018**, *116*, 181–202.
24. Okhovati, M.; Sharifpoor, E.; Aghajani, A. The Effect of University Rankings on Search Performance and Satisfaction with Web of Science and Scopus. *Scientometrics* **2018**, *116*, 181–202. [CrossRef]
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27. Badia, G. Identifying “Best Bets” for Searching in Chemical Engineering: Comparing Database Content and Performance for Information Retrieval. *J. Doc.* **2018**, *74*, 80–98. [CrossRef]
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29. Liu, W. The Data Source of This Study Is Web of Science Core Collection? Not Enough. *Scientometrics* **2019**, *121*, 1815–1824. [CrossRef]
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32. Martin-Martin, A.; Thelwall, M.; Orduna-Malea, E.; Delgado López-Cózar, E. Google Scholar, Microsoft Academic, Scopus, Dimensions, Web of Science, and OpenCitations’ COCI: A Multidisciplinary Comparison of Coverage via Citations. *Scientometrics* **2021**, *126*, 871–906. [CrossRef]

National /
Institutional / funder
requirements



Journal search and evaluation in Scopus database (live demonstration)

Contacts

**If you have any questions, please, do not
hesitate to contact me:**

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Head of Scientific Information Department

VILNIUS TECH Library

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Trusted sources for journal search (linked)

Publisher websites		Bibliographic databases
Traditional publishers	Open Access publishers	
Emerald Journals	BioMed Central	Web of Science (WoS)
Springer Nature Journals	Co-Action Publishing	Scopus
Oxford Journals	Frontiers	PubMed
SAGE Journals	Hindawi	SciLit
Science Journals	MDPI	
SpringerLink	PLOS	Other journal indexes and directories
Taylor and Francis Online	Springer Open	DOAJ
Wiley Find a Journal	VILNIUS TECH	SCImago Journal & Country Rank
ACS Publications		Ulrichsweb
IOP Publishing		Journal Searches
...		
Journal selection tools	Elsevier Journal Finder	
	Springer Journal Suggester	
	Wiley Journal Finder	
	Master Journal List	



Informational resources about WoS and Scopus

(web-pages and informational material provided by the owners of the databases)

Web of Science

- Web of Science database:
(<http://apps.webofknowledge.com>)
- About Web of Science:
<https://clarivate.com/products/web-of-science/>
- Web of Science training materials:
<https://clarivate.com/webofsciencigroup/support/wos/>
- Clarivate Analytics. 2018. Indicators Handbook.
Available at:
<https://incites.help.clarivate.com/Content/Resources/Docs/indicators-handbook-june-2018.pdf> .

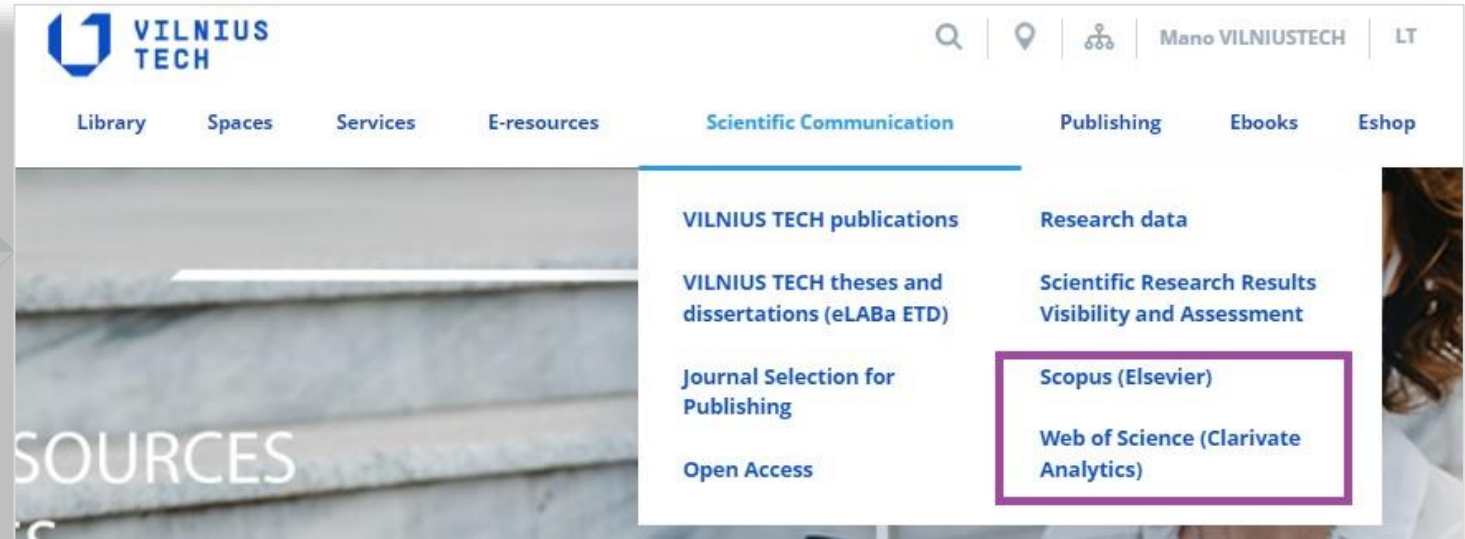
Scopus

- Scopus database: (www.scopus.com)
- About Scopus:
<https://www.elsevier.com/solutions/scopus>
- Scopus video tutorials:
https://service.elsevier.com/app/answers/detail/a_id/14799/c/10545/supporthub/scopus/
- Elsevier. 2023. Scopus Content Coverage Guide.
Available at:
<https://www.elsevier.com/solutions/scopus/how-scopus-works/content> .



More information about **WoS** and **Scopus**:

VILNIUS TECH Library
webpage, **Scientific
Communication**
section



publications

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

**Web of Science (WoS) and Scopus: The Titans of Bibliographic
Information in Today's Academic World**

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<https://doi.org/10.3390/publications9010012>